

Joint UW-3TIER Project on Data Assimilation for Renewable Energy Forecasting

Eric Grit
3TIER®, Inc.

Philip Regulski*, Clifford F. Mass, and Gregory J. Hakim
University of Washington

*now with Alstom Grid

Pacific Northwest Weather Workshop
March 2 - 3, 2012

Background

- » 3TIER does not currently use data assimilation in its own mesoscale modeling process. All WRF forecast runs are “cold-started” from interpolated GFS analyses 4 times/day.
 - › Strong need for dramatic improvements in 0-6 hr forecasting of wind power
 - › Strong need for more frequent updates and better use of local observations

- » In June 2011, 3TIER and the University of Washington entered an arrangement for the joint evaluation and improvement of a state-of-the-art ensemble-based NWP data assimilation and forecast system.
 - › UW interested in seeing its technologies adopted to solve industry problems

- » Project Goal: Test UW WRF-EnKF system’s potential for industrial application in renewable energy forecasting.

Roles

Univ. of Washington:

- Transfer EnKF code/scripts
- Provide input data (IC, obs)
- Consult and help troubleshoot
- Test potential improvements

3TIER:

- Compile code and adapt scripts
- Run EnKF for 2 retro periods
- Create wind power re-forecasts
- Verify wind power re-forecasts

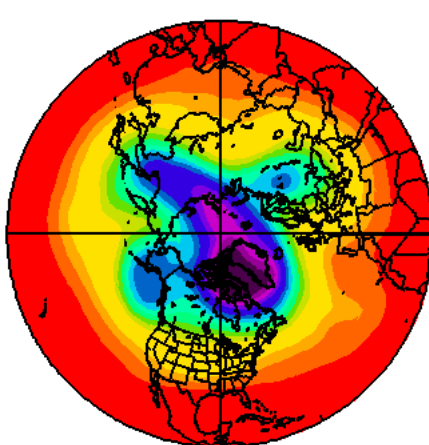
UW WRF-EnKF System Specs

- » Uses WRF V3.0.1 and DART post-Jamaica release
- » 36 km outer grid over Pacific NW, 4 km inner nest over WA/OR
- » 64-member ensemble
- » 3-hourly assimilation cycles (00, 03, 06, 09, 12, 15, 18, 21 UTC)
- » Regional observation data with quality control applied:
 - › Radiosonde: U, V, T, RH
 - › Aircraft (ACARS): U, V, T
 - › Cloud-track winds: U, V
 - › Buoy Stations (Fixed and Drift): P
 - › Land Stations (ASOS and Mesonet): ALT, U, V, T (if model/ob elev diff < 300m)

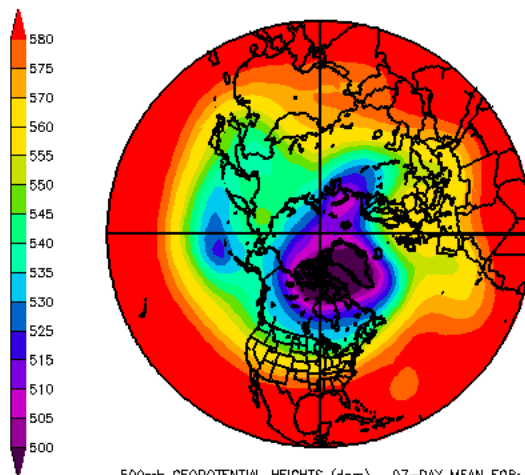
Retrospective Test Period

» April 10-30, 2011

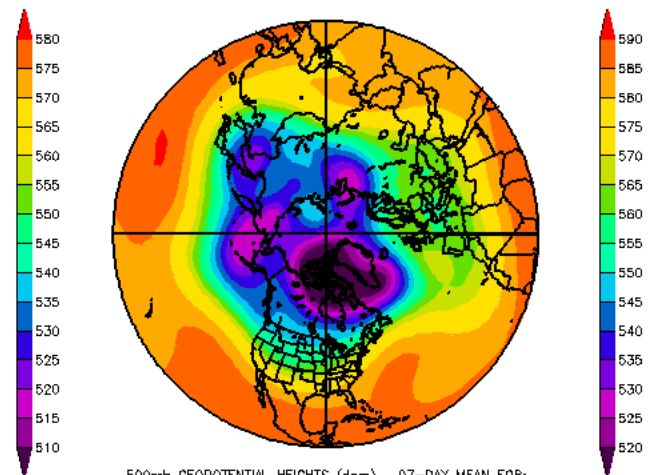
- › Synoptically active period of moderate-strong W and NW flow
- › Notable for significant timing and intensity errors in existing NWP models, including WRF-GFS
- › Period of above average wind power generation punctuated by large swings (“ramps”)



500mb GEOPOTENTIAL HEIGHTS (dam) 07-DAY MEAN FOR:
Sun APR 10 2011 - Sat APR 16 2011



500mb GEOPOTENTIAL HEIGHTS (dam) 07-DAY MEAN FOR:
Sun APR 17 2011 - Sat APR 23 2011



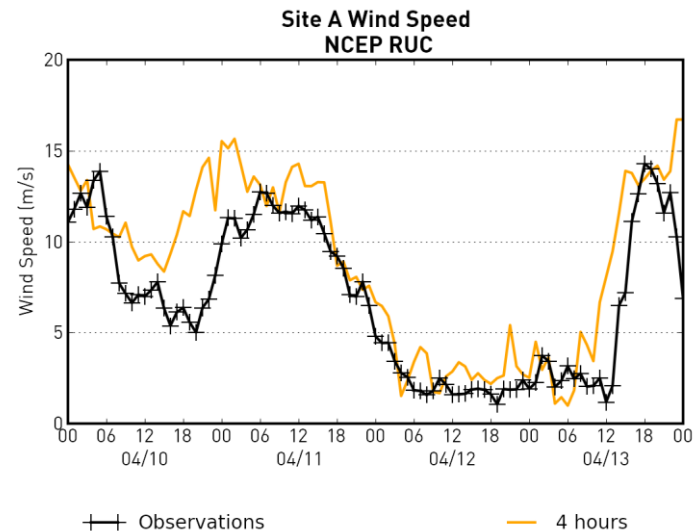
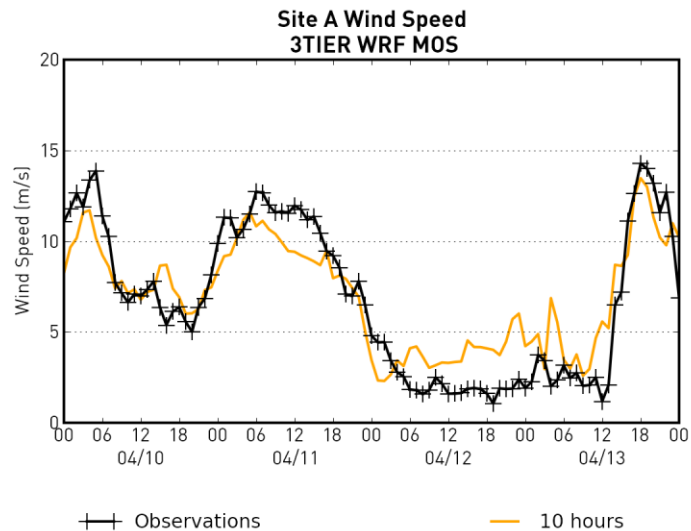
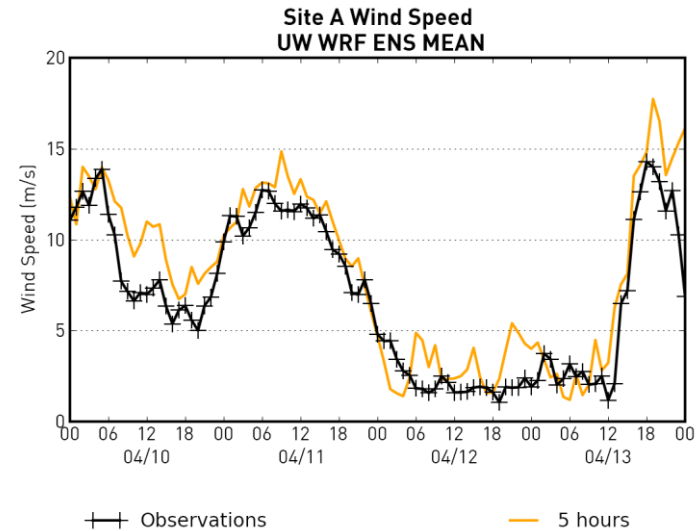
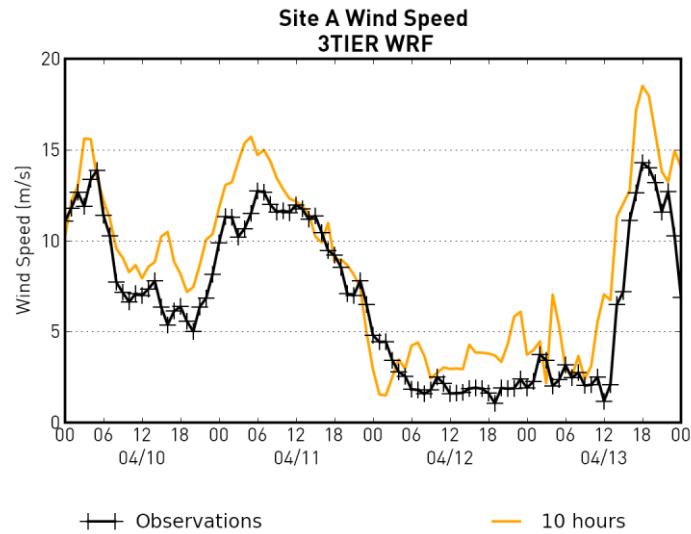
500mb GEOPOTENTIAL HEIGHTS (dam) 07-DAY MEAN FOR:
Sun APR 24 2011 - Sat APR 30 2011

Wind Power Re-Forecasts

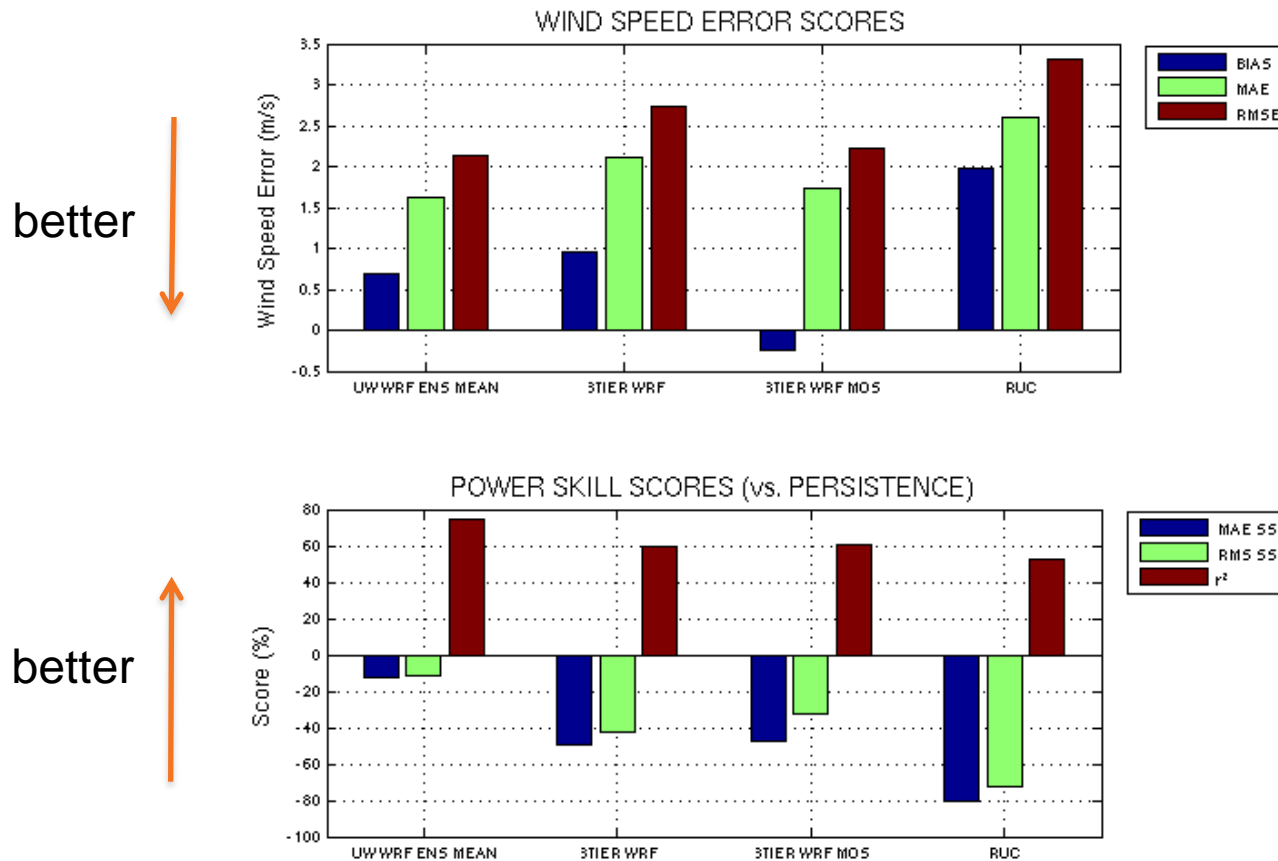
- » Forecast Locations: 3 representative sites
 - › Sites A and B in the Columbia Gorge, Site C in central MT
- » Forecast Target: 1-hour lead, 1-hour interval

Forecast Name	Cycles	(Assumed) Delay	Relevant Forecast Horizons
UW WRF ENS MEAN	00, 03, 06, 09, 12, 15, 18, 21	(02:30)	F05, F06, F07
3TIER WRF (control)	00, 06, 12, 18	07:30	F10, F11, ..., F15
3TIER WRF + MOS	00, 06, 12, 18	07:30	F10, F11, ..., F15
NCEP RUC	00, 01, 02, 03, ... 20, 21, 22, 23	01:45	F04

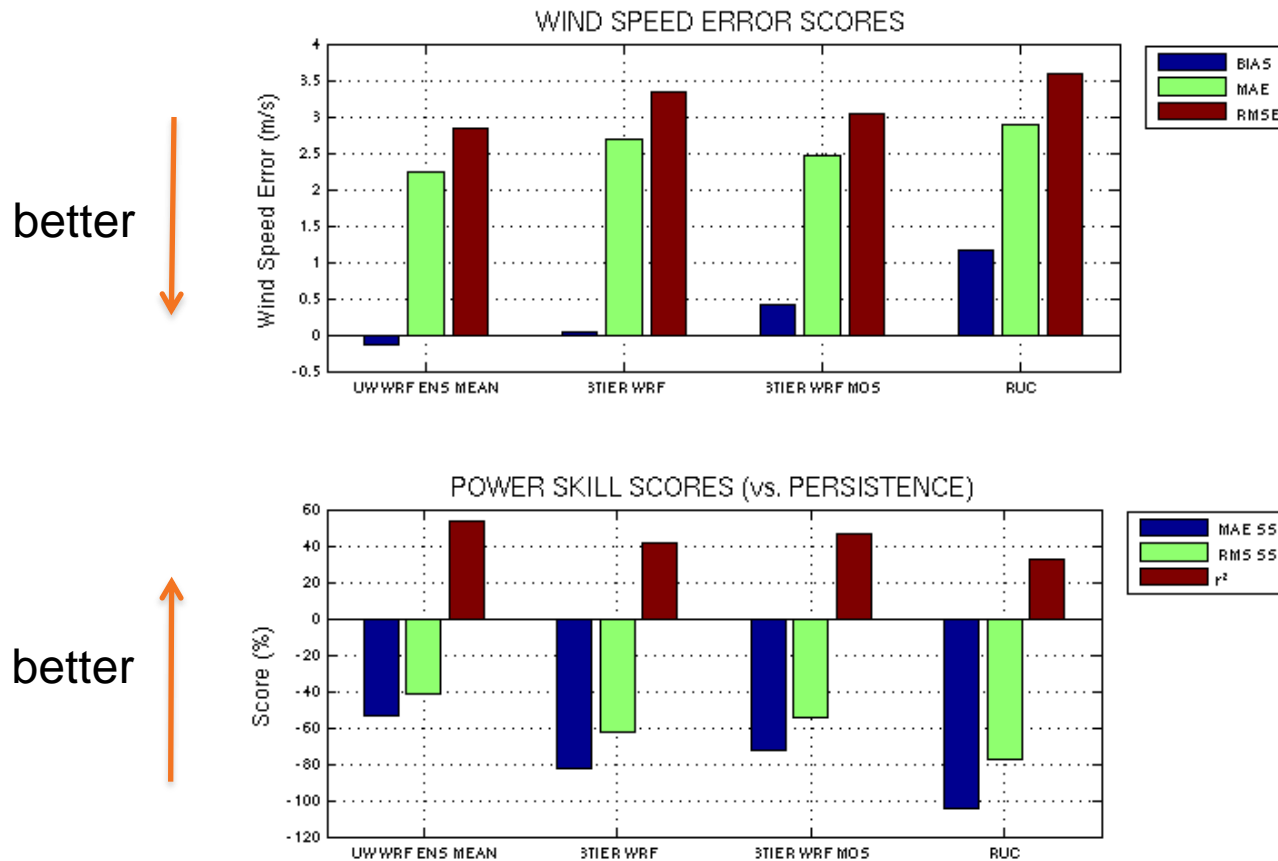
Site A :: Verification Time Series Comparison



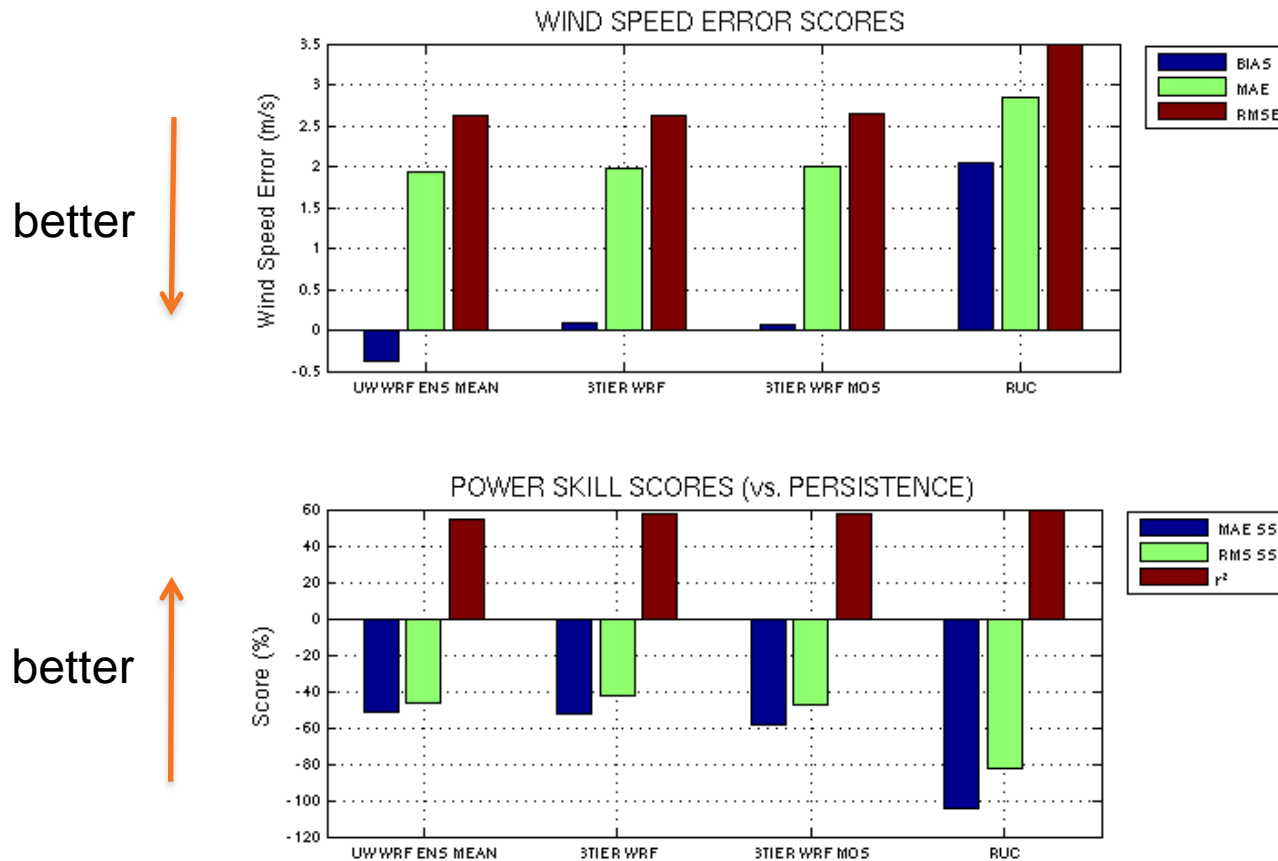
Site A :: Verification Summary Statistics



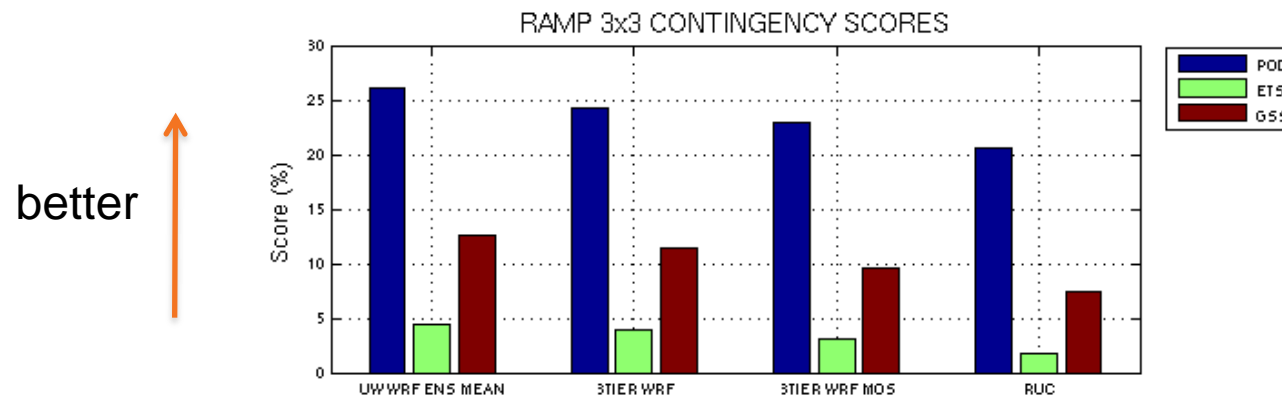
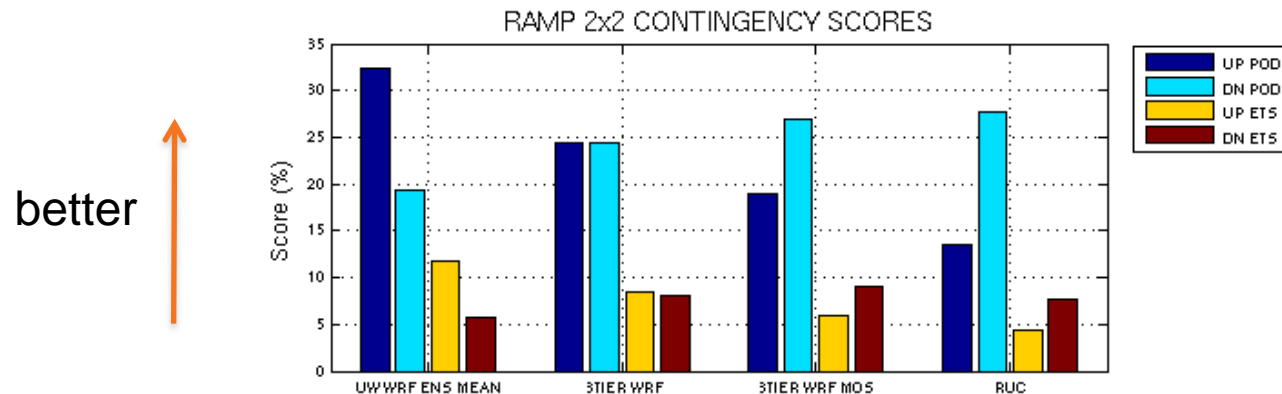
Site B :: Verification Summary Statistics



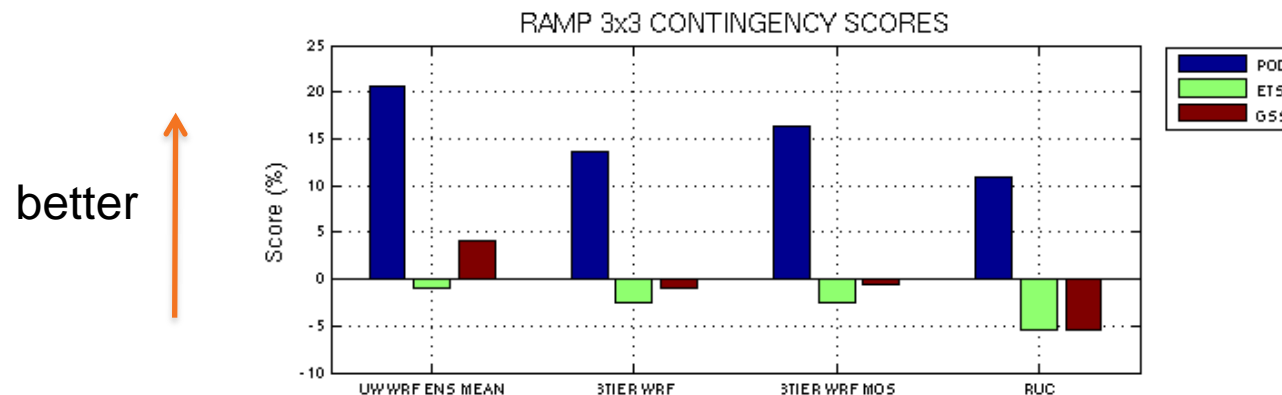
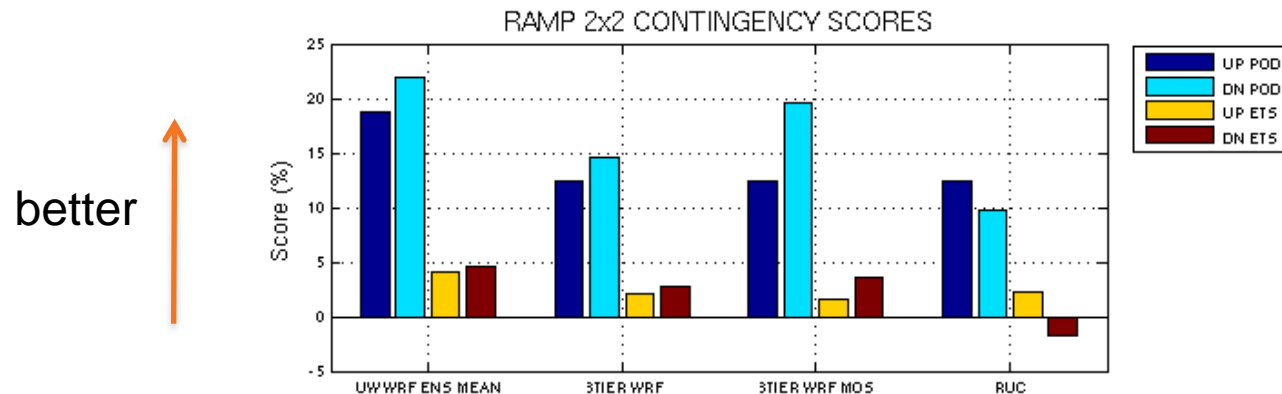
Site C :: Verification Summary Statistics



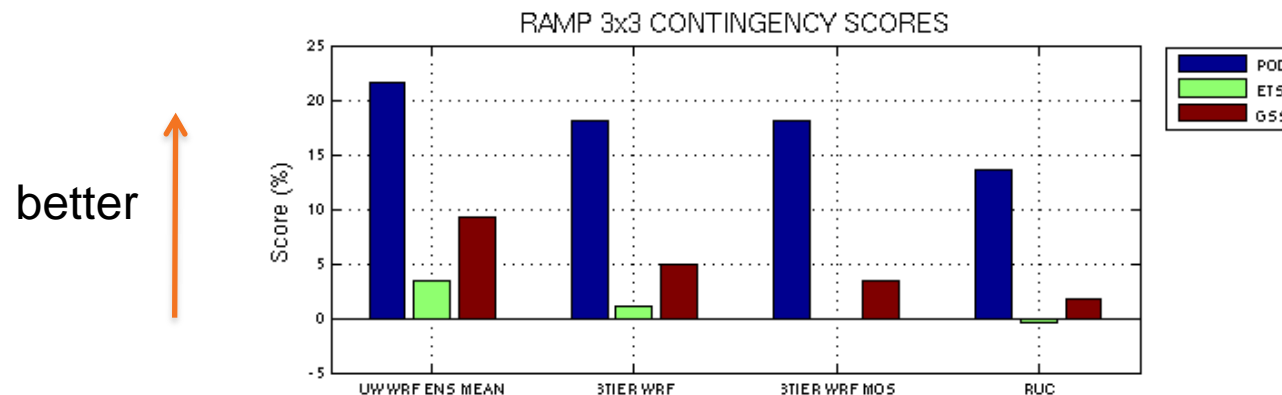
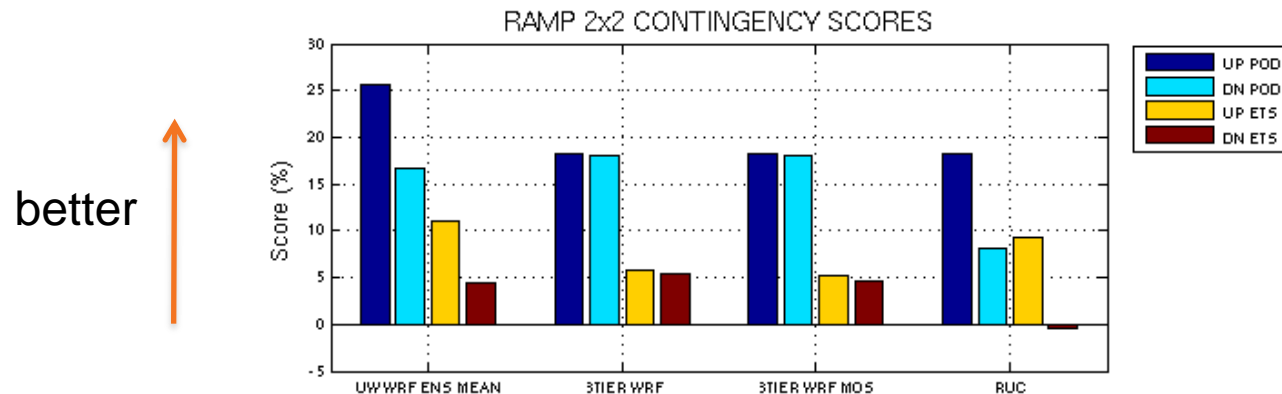
Site A :: Ramp Event Detection Scores



Site B :: Ramp Event Detection Scores



Site C :: Ramp Event Detection Scores



Summary

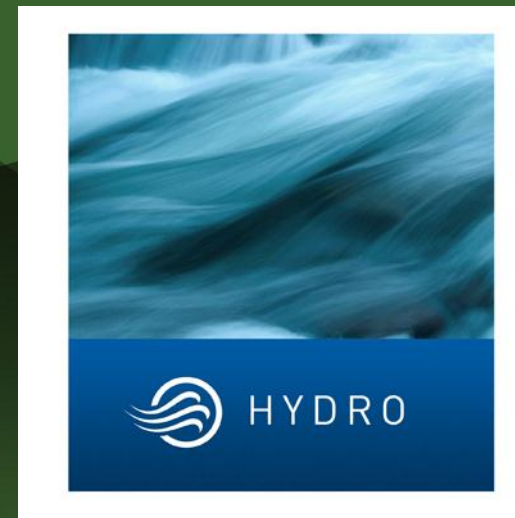
- » UW WRF-EnKF system being tested at 3TIER for renewable energy forecasting applications, starting with wind power.
- » Compared to running WRF using no data assimilation, the UW-3TIER ensemble mean forecast improves:
 - › Timing and intensity errors associated with fronts more often than not
 - › Mean absolute wind speed errors by 0.5 m/s at the 2 Columbia Gorge sites
 - › Probability of up-ramp detection by 6-8% (ETS by 2-6%) at all 3 sites
- » Using the NCEP RUC model as a benchmark forecast that employs data assimilation, the verification scores for the UW-3TIER ensemble mean are far superior.

Future Work

- » Analyzing more aspects of the ensemble forecast quality
 - › Verification scores achieved by the member closest to the mean
 - › Probabilistic verification scores using the full 64-member ensemble

- » Second test period (consulting with Matt Brewer)
 - › Diurnally forced period with weaker synoptic-scale forcing
 - › West coast thermal trough formation
 - › Moderate to strong marine push

- » Additional testing of new UW improvements
 - › Assimilation of new observations and variables
 - › Vertical localization
 - › Bias correction



Thanks Also To:

Mark MacIver, Madge Dodson, and Lacey Holland
3TIER®, Inc.